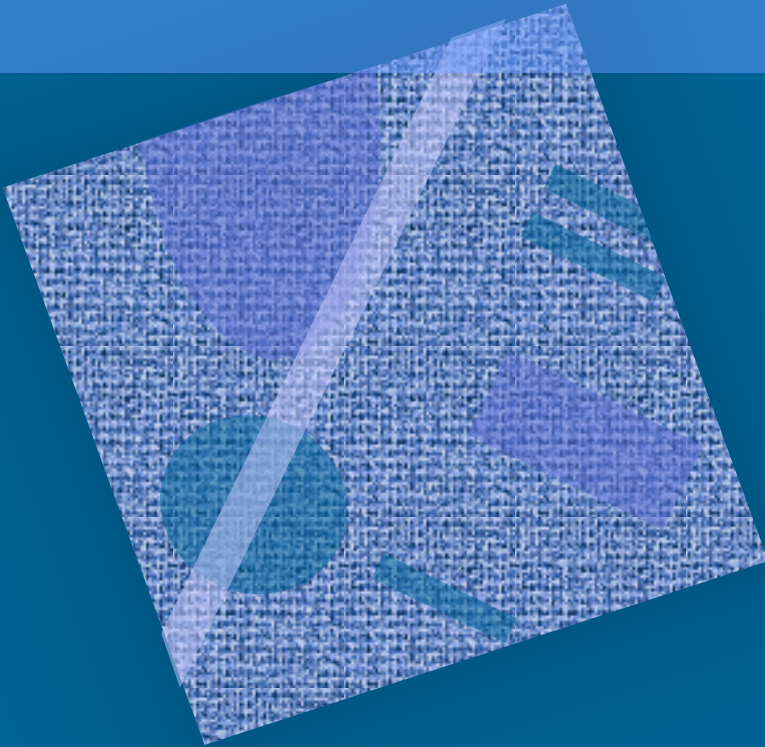


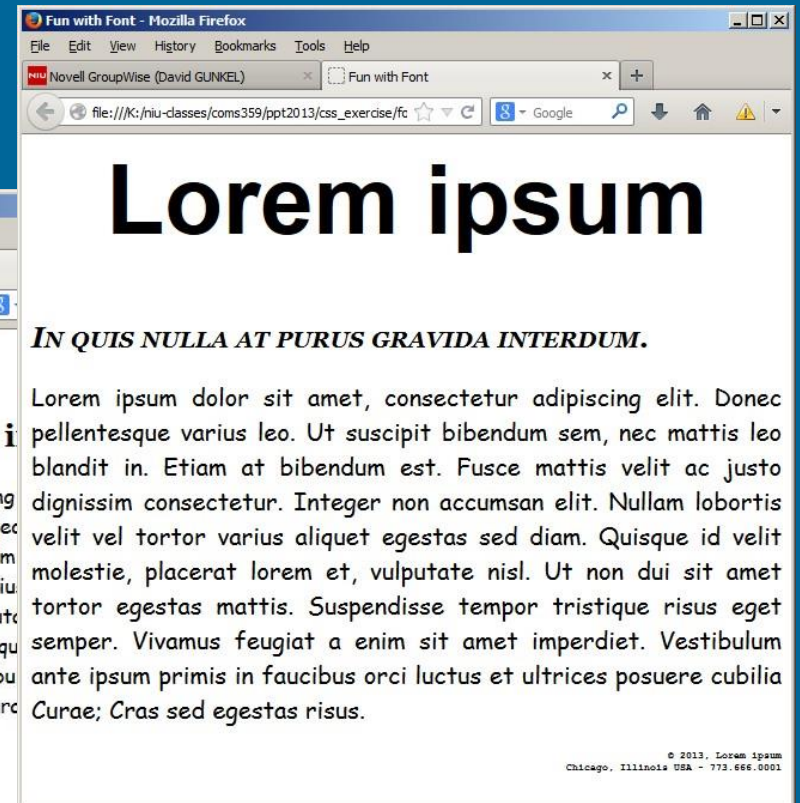
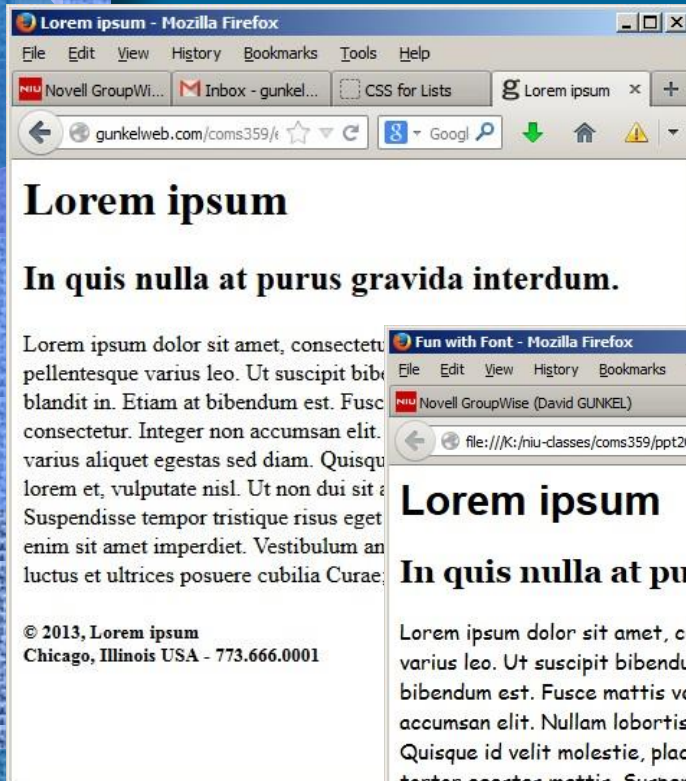
COMS 359: Interactive Media



Agenda

- Review
- Javascript
- Meta-information & SEO
- Preview

Review



h1

```
{font-family:arial;  
text-align:center;  
font-size:80px;  
font-stretch:condensed;  
text-transform:uppercase;  
text-shadow:5px 5px 2px #888888;}
```

h2

```
{font-family:Georgia, "Times New Roman", serif,  
font-style:italic;  
font-variant:small-caps;  
text-decoration:underline;  
letter-spacing:12px;}
```

p

```
{font-family:"comic sans MS", cursive;  
font-size:20px;  
font-weight:normal;  
text-align:justify;  
text-indent:80px;  
line-height:12px;}
```

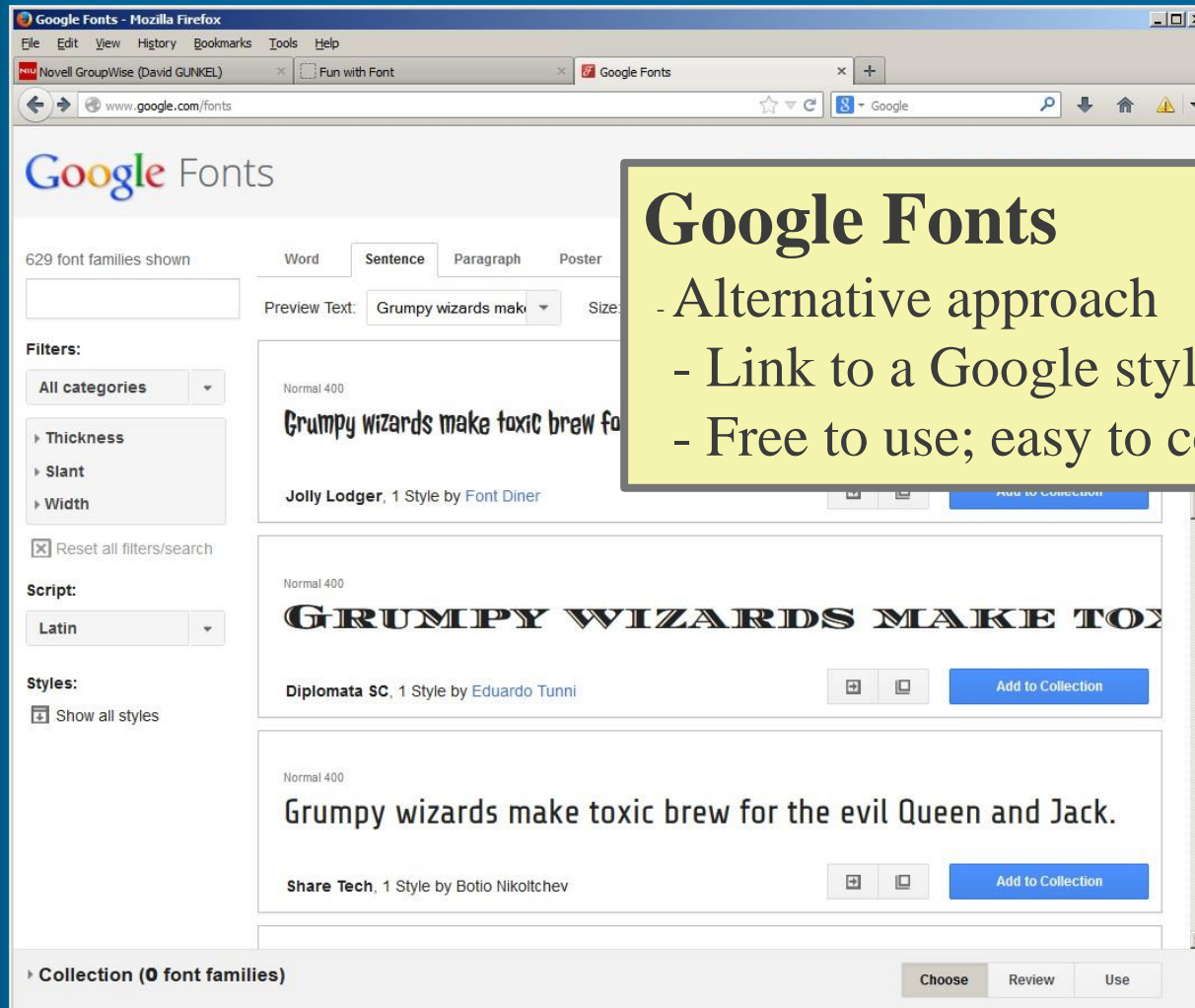
h5

```
{font-family:"courier new", courier, monospace,  
font-size:50%;  
font-weight:bold;  
text-align:right;}
```

PROPERTIES

font-family
font-style
font-weight
font-variant
font-size
font-stretch
font-face
text-align
text-transform
text-decoration
text-indent
text-shadow
line-height
letter-spacing
word-spacing
:first-letter
:first-line

Review



<http://www.google.com/fonts>

HTML5 Layout

- New Elements

- `<header>`
- `<article>`
- `<nav>`
- `<footer>`

Purpose/Benefit

- Structure the html document without having to use multiple `<div>` tags
- Semantic data useful for web 2.0 applications like data mashups and content aggregators
- `<div>` is content neutral and generic; the new HTML 5 tags designate not only structural page elements but their meaning within the page content.

<body>

<header>

<article>

<nav>

<footer>

```
Notepad++ - C:\1-DavidStuff\niu-classes\coms359\ppt2012\css_exercise\widget8.html
File Edit Search View Format Language Settings Macro Run Plugins ?

widgetstyle7.css widget8.html

<html>
  <head>
    <title>Widgets International</title>
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="widgetstyle8.css" type="text/css">
  </head>
  <body>

  <header>
    <h1>Widgets International</h1>
    <h2>Manufactures of High-Quality Widgets and Other Stuff</h2>
  </header>

  <article>Widgets International is a gigantic multinational corporation that
specializes in manufacturing and selling stuff that people either do not need or
do not want. We used to make this crap in small towns throughout the US, but we
have successfully moved all operations to a small island nation in the caribbean
where we are immune to things like the clean water act, taxes, and other annoying
federal laws. If you have any comments about our products or our lack of service,
we ask that you write them on a piece of paper and throw them out the window. We
don't care. We don't need to care. We are Widgets International.</article>

  <nav>
    <a href="news.html">News</a><br>
    <a href="products.html">Products</a><br>
    <a href="people.html">People</a><br>
    <a href="orderform.html">Order Form</a><br>
    <a href="contact.html">Contact Info</a>
  </nav>

  <footer>
    &copy; 2012, Widgets International<br>
    Chicago, Illinois USA - 773.666.0001
  </footer>

</body>
</html>
```

/* External Style Sheet */

body

```
{background-color:#edeeee;
width:800px;
padding:40px 40px 40px 40px;}
```

header

```
{text-align:center;
padding:10px 10px 10px 10px;
background-color:#777777;
width:760px;
-moz-border-radius:20px;
-webkit-border-radius:20px;
border-radius:20px;}
```

nav

```
{background-color:#aabbcc;
padding:30px 10px 220px 10px;
position:absolute;
left:50px;
top:180px;
-moz-border-radius:20px;
-webkit-border-radius:20px;
border-radius:20px;
behavior: url(/css/border-radius.htc);
border-radius: 20px;}
```

article

```
{font-size:18px;
font-family:monospace;
color:#444444;
line-height:30px;
background-color:#ffffff;
background-image:url("wlogo.png");
background-repeat:no-repeat;
background-position:250px 100px;
position:absolute;
left:180px;
top:180px;
width:610px;
height:400px;
padding:20px 20px 20px 20px;
-moz-border-radius:20px;
-webkit-border-radius:20px;
border-radius:20px;}
```

footer

```
{font-size:10px;
font-family:arial;
color:#eeeeee;
background-color:#5599bb;
width:650px;
position:absolute;
left:180px;
top:595px;
text-align:center;
}
```


Javascript

- Javascript Basics
- Javascript Applications
 - Alert Box
 - New Window

```
String.prototype.trim =  
function ()  
{  
    return this  
        .replace (/^\s+/, "")  
        .replace (/s+$/, "");  
}
```

.js

Context / Note

- COMS 359 – Javascript basics
 - Introduce Javascript
 - Get you started using Javascript
- We will not, however, be able to provide complete treatment of Javascript
 - This requires an entire course
 - Covered in COMS 469



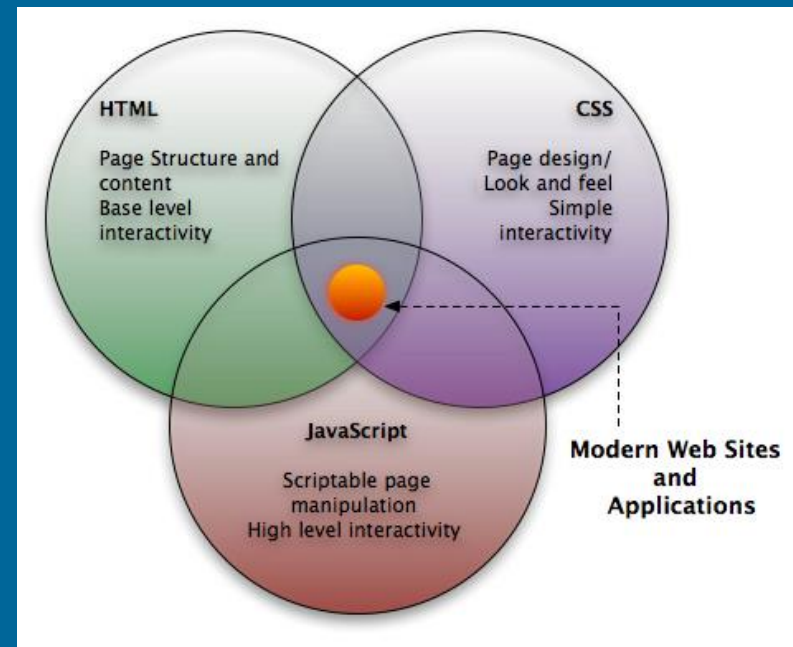
Javascript Basics

- History
 - Javascript was introduced in 1995 by Netscape
 - Originally it was called *LiveScript*
 - Changed name to *Javascript* in order to capitalize on the popularity of Sun's Java



Javascript Basics

- What Javascript Is
 - Simplified programming language that is included in an HTML document
 - Object-oriented language designed to interface with HTML & CSS
 - Dynamic content and interactive features



Javascript Basics

- What Javascript Can Do
 - Control browser features
 - Modify document appearance
 - Modify document content
 - Store and use information about the user
 - Interact with applets
 - Manipulate images
 - React to state of browser and client system

Javascript Basics

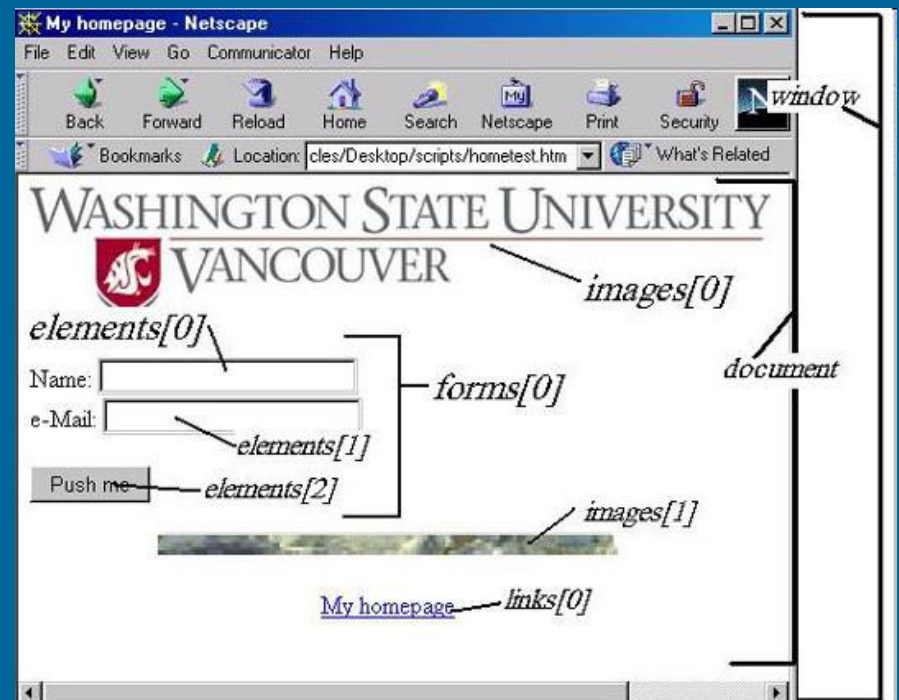
- Terminology
 - JavaScript is an Object-Oriented language
 - Object-Oriented Terminology
 - Object
 - Properties
 - Methods

object-orientation

```
function Part(name,cost) { // constructor is the class  
  this.name=name; // define and initialize properties  
  this.cost=cost; // "this" is always explicit  
};  
  
var partBolt=new Part("bolt",1.99); // instantiation  
assert(partBolt.constructor == Part); // type test  
assert(partBolt instanceof Part); // ancestry test  
  
assert(Part.prototype.isPrototypeOf(partBolt)); // type test  
assert(typeof(partBolt) == "object"); // not a type test  
assert(partBolt.name == "bolt" && partBolt.cost == 1.99);  
var partNut=new Part("nut",0.10);  
assert(partNut.name == "nut" && partNut.cost == 0.10);  
  
Part.prototype.description=function() { // methods  
  return this.name + " $" + this.toFixed(2);  
}  
assert(partBolt.description() == "bolt $1.99");  
assert(partNut.description() == "nut $0.10");  
// Whatever the prototype contains, all instances contain:  
Part.prototype.toString=function() { return this.name; }  
assert(partBolt.toString() == "bolt");  
var a=[partBolt,partNut]; assert(a.join() == "bolt,nut");  
  
Part.prototype.costCompare=function(i,j) { // class method  
  return i.cost - j.cost;  
}  
a.sort(Part.prototype.costCompare); assert(a.join() == "nut,bolt");  
  
function WoodPart(name,cost,tree) { // inheritance  
  Part.apply(this,[name,cost]); // base constructor call  
  this.tree = tree;  
}  
  
WoodPart.prototype=new Part(); // clone the prototype  
WoodPart.prototype.constructor = WoodPart;  
var tpick = new WoodPart("toothpick",0.01,"oak");  
assert(tpick.name == "toothpick");  
  
assert(tpick instanceof Part); // proof of inheritance  
  
var a=[partBolt,partNut,tpick]; // polymorphism sorts  
assert(a.sort(Part.prototype.costCompare).join() == "toothpick,nut,bolt");  
assert(a[0].tree == "oak" && a[1].tree == null);  
  
assert(a[0] instanceof WoodPart);  
assert(!a[1] instanceof WoodPart);  
  
assert("tree" in tpick); // membership test - in operator  
assert(!"tree" in partBolt);  
  
WoodPart.prototype.description=function() { // override  
  // Calling base class version of description() method:  
  var dsc=Part.prototype.description.apply(this,[]);  
  return dsc + " (" + this.tree + ")"; // and overriding it  
}  
assert(tpick.description() == "toothpick $0.01 (oak)");  
assert(partBolt.description() == "bolt $1.99");  
  
assert(eval("2+2") == 4);  
if (typeof(Error) != "function") { // Safe exception catching  
  eval("try { dangerous(); } catch (e) { oops(e); }"); ★  
}
```


Javascript Basics

- Terminology
 - Object = Web Browser Elements
 - Window
 - Document
 - Forms
 - Images



Javascript Basics

- Terminology
 - Properties
 - Items belonging to a web browser object
 - Further define an object; changing a property can alter the object
 - Examples
 - documents have titles
 - forms have checkBoxes
 - windows have a location

Javascript Basics

- Terminology
 - Methods = Object behaviors
 - Specifies what an object does or how it functions
 - Examples
 - Buttons `click()`
 - Windows `open()`
 - Documents `write()`
 - the `()` occurs with all Javascript methods; often times additional information (called an argument) is placed inside the parenthesis

Javascript Basics

- Terminology
 - Objects, Properties & Methods are put together to create instructions
 - *Dot-Syntax*
 - Object.property
 - document.bgColor
 - window.status
 - Object.method()
 - document.write()

Javascript Object Table

Complete list of all
Javascript objects and
their associated properties
and methods

Appendix A

Table A.3

JavaScript Object Table (continued)			
OBJECT	PROPERTIES	METHODS	EVENT HANDLERS
Array	length	concat join pop push reverse shift slice sort splice toLocaleString toString valueOf	none
body	alink background bgColor bgProperties bottomMargin leftMargin link noWrap rightMargin scroll scrollLeft scrollTop text topMargin vlink	createTextRange	onBlur onClick onDblClick onFocus onHelp onKeyDown onKeyPress onKeyUp onMouseDown onMouseMove onMouseout onMouseover onMouseup onResize onScroll
Button	form name type value	blur click focus handleEvent	onBlur onChange onClick onDblClick onFocus onHelp onKeyDown onKeyPress onKeyUp onMouseDown onMouseMove onMouseout onMouseover onMouseup onSelect
Checkbox	checked defaultChecked form name type value	blur click focus handleEvent	onBlur onChange onClick onDblClick onFocus onHelp onKeyDown onKeyPress onKeyUp onMouseDown onMouseMove onMouseout onMouseover onMouseup onSelect
Date	none	getDate getDay getFullYear	none

Javascript Basics

- Case Sensitivity
 - HTML is not case sensitive
 - `<html>` = `<HTML>` = `<Html>`
 - JavaScript is case sensitive
 - `bgColor` \neq `bgcolor` \neq `BgColor` \neq `BGCOLOR`

Javascript Basics

HTML Embedded

Javascript is included in the HTML document - `<head>` or `<body>`

`<script>` tag

Differentiate Javascript code from HTML by using the `<script>` container tag. This tag has one required attribute, which specifies the type of scripting language.

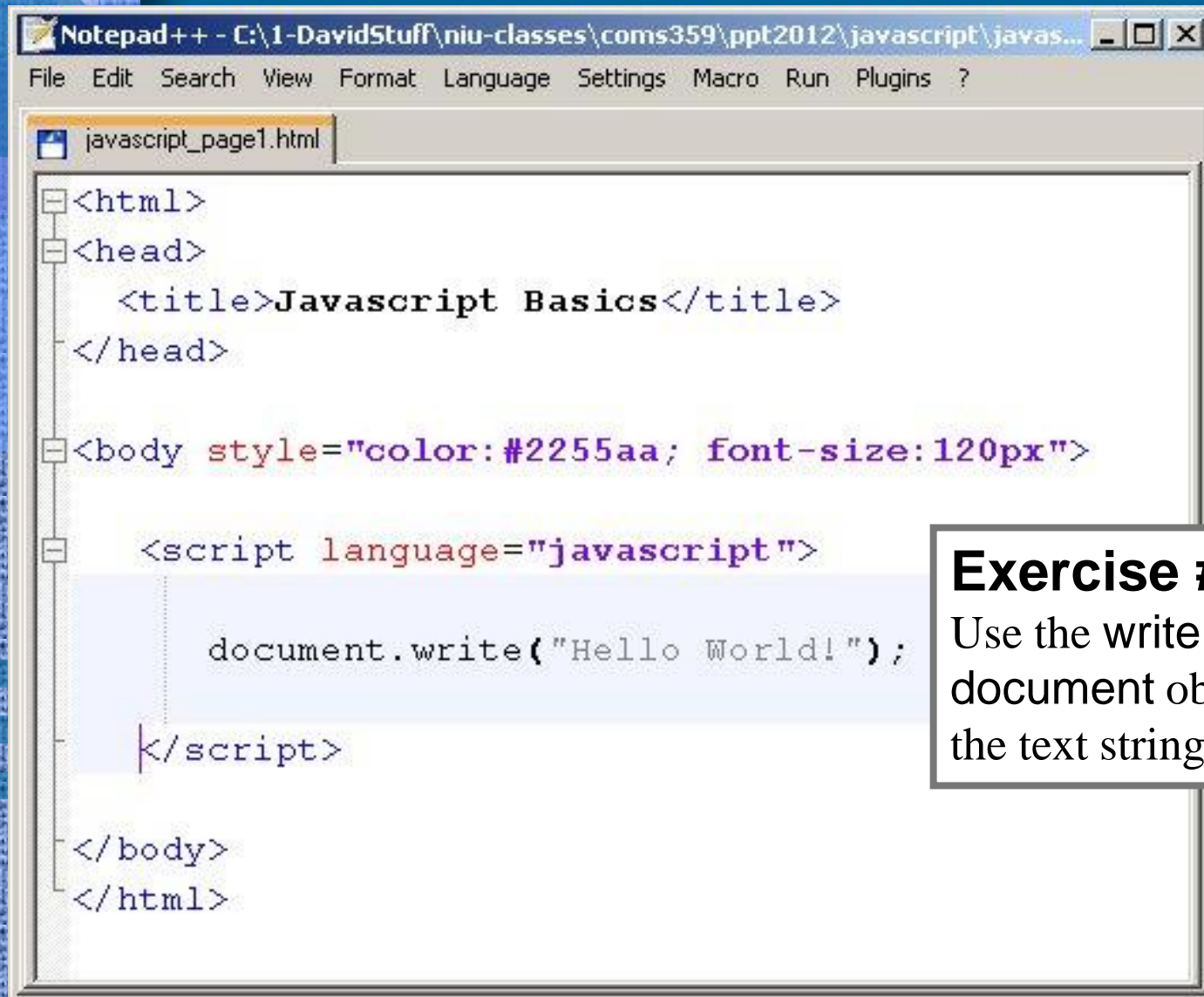
`<script>` tells the browser to interpret the following lines of code as script and not as HTML



```
Notepad++ - C:\1-DavidStuff\niu-classes\coms359\ppt2012\javascript\javas...
File Edit Search View Format Language Settings Macro Run Plugins ?

javascript_page1.html
<html>
<head>
  <title>Javascript Basics</title>
</head>
<body style="color:#2255aa; f
  <script language="javascri
    document.write("Hello W
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```


Javascript Basics



```
Notepad++ - C:\1-DavidStuff\niu-classes\coms359\ppt2012\javascript\javas...
File Edit Search View Format Language Settings Macro Run Plugins ?

javascript_page1.html

<html>
<head>
  <title>Javascript Basics</title>
</head>
<body style="color:#2255aa; font-size:120px">
  <script language="javascript">
    document.write("Hello World!");
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

Exercise #1

Use the write() method of the document object to write out the text string "Hello World!"

Javascript Applications

- Alert Box
 - User feedback
 - Function
 - Provide a warning
 - Alert the user about something

Notepad++ - C:\1-DavidStuff\niu-classes\coms359\ppt2012\javascript\javascript_page2.html

File Edit Search View Format Language Settings Macro Run Plugins ?

javascript_page2.html

```
<html>
<head>
  <title>Javascript Basics</title>

  <script type="text/javascript">

    alert("I will now erase your hard drive");

  </script>

</head>

<body style="color:#2255aa; font-size:40px">

  <script type="text/javascript">

    document.write("All files on C:/ have been erased");

  </script>

</body>
</html>
|
```

<head> Use the `alert()` method to warn the user. The browser automatically generates an *alert* box.

<body> Use the `write()` method of the document object to display a message

Parsing - Because the `<head>` loads before the `<body>`, the script in the `<head>` will execute first, providing the alert box prior to displaying the body content.

Notepad++ - C:\1-DavidStuff\niu-classes\coms359\ppt2012\javascript\javascript_page2.html

File Edit Search View Format Language Settings Macro Run Plugins ?

javascript_page2.html

```
<html>
<head>
  <title>Javascript Basics</title>

  <script type="text/javascript">

    alert("I will now erase your hard drive");

  </script>

</head>

<body style="color:#2255aa; font-size:40px">

  <script type="text/javascript">

    document.write("All files on C:/ have been erased");

  </script>

</body>
</html>
|
```

Exercise #2

Javascript Application

- Opening a New Window
 - Function
 - Click on a link and load a file in a new window
 - Control browser features of the window
 - Use
 - User interface
 - Layer multiple windows
 - Create advertising window

```
Notepad++ - C:\1-DavidStuff\niu-classes\coms359\ppt2012\javascript\javascript_page3.html
File Edit Search View Format Language Settings Macro Run Plugins ?

javascript_page3.html
<html>
<head>
  <title>Javascript Basics</title>
  <script type="text/javascript">
    function newWindow()
    {
      window.open("javascript_page1.html",
                  "mywin", "width=500,height=400");
    }
  </script>
</head>
<body style="color:#2255aa; font-size:40px">
  <h1 style="font-size:80px">New Window</h1>
  <p>This is my first JavaScript page:
    <a href="javascript:newWindow()">Exercise One</a></p>
</body>
</html>
|
```

Declare a function

Use the keyword function and name the function newWindow()

```
Notepad++ - C:\1-DavidStuff\niu-classes\coms359\ppt2012\javascript\javascript_page3.html
File Edit Search View Format Language Settings Macro Run Plugins ?

javascript_page3.html

<html>
<head>
  <title>Javascript Basics</title>

  <script type="text/javascript">

    function newWindow()
    {window.open("javascript_page1.html",
                "mywin", "width=500,height=400");}

  </script>

</head>

<body style="color:
  <h1 style="font-size:
  <p>This is my first
  <a href="javascript:newWindow()">Exercise One</a></p>

</body>
</html>
|
```

Define the function

Use the `open()` method of the window object to open a new browser window. The content of this new window is the first javascript file. Name this new window "mywin" and specify its width and height in screen pixels


```
Notepad++ - C:\1-DavidStuff\niu-classes\coms359\ppt2012\javascript\javascript_page3.html
File Edit Search View Format Language Settings Macro Run Plugins ?

javascript_page3.html

<html>
<head>
  <title>Javascript Basics</title>

  <script type="text/javascript">

    function newWindow()
    {window.open("javascript_page1.html",
                 "mywin", "width=500,height=400");}

  </script>
</head>
<body style="color:#2

  <h1 style="font-size:80px">New Window</h1>
  <p>This is my first JavaScript page:

    <a href="javascript:newWindow()">Exercise One</a></p>

  </body>
</html>
|
```

Call the function

The value of the href indicates that the function newWindow should be called or invoked, when the anchor text is clicked.


```
Notepad++ - C:\1-DavidStuff\niu-classes\coms359\ppt2012\javascript\javascript_page3.html
File Edit Search View Format Language Settings Macro Run Plugins ?

javascript_page3.html

<html>
<head>
  <title>Javascript Basics</title>

  <script type="text/javascript">

    function newWindow()
    {window.open("javascript_page1.html",
                 "mywin", "width=500,height=400");}

  </script>
</head>

<body style="color:#2255aa; font-size:40px">

  <h1 style="font-size:80px">New Window</h1>
  <p>This is my first JavaScript page:

    <a href="javascript:newWindow()">Exercise One</a></p>

</body>
</html>
|
```

Exercise #3

Today

- Other HTML tags
- `<meta>` data
- Search Engine Optimization
- Analytics

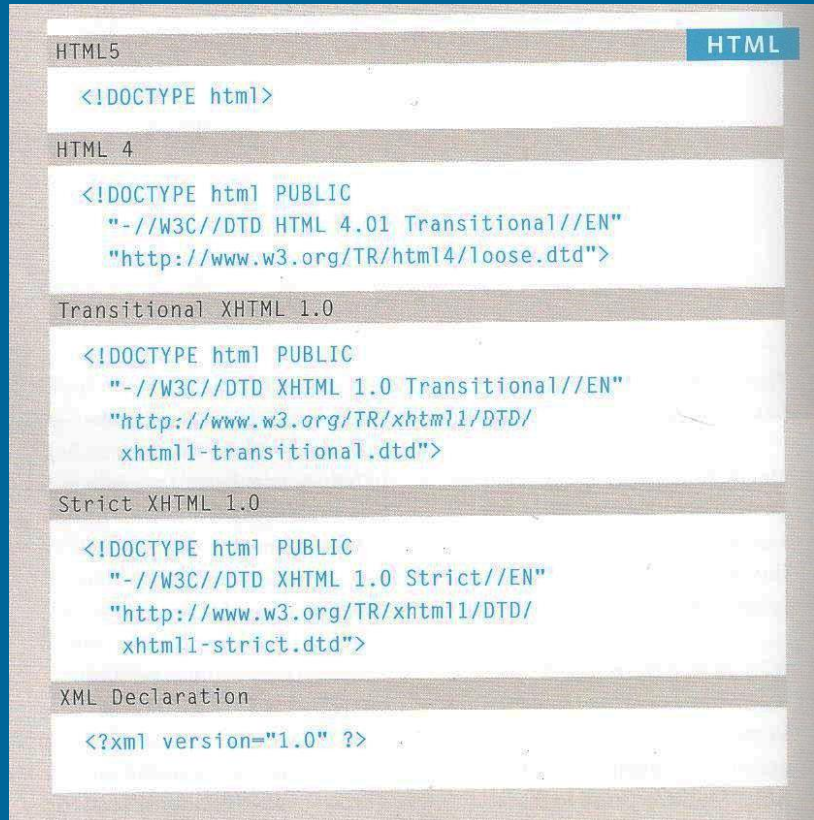


Other HTML tags

- `<!DOCTYPE>`
 - HTML evolves
 - HTML 4.0 (1997)
 - XHTML 1.0 (2000)
 - HTML5 (work in progress)
 - Use `<!DOCTYPE>` to tell the browser which version of HTML your document uses
 - Optional tag
 - If used, it is the first tag on the page

Other HTML tags

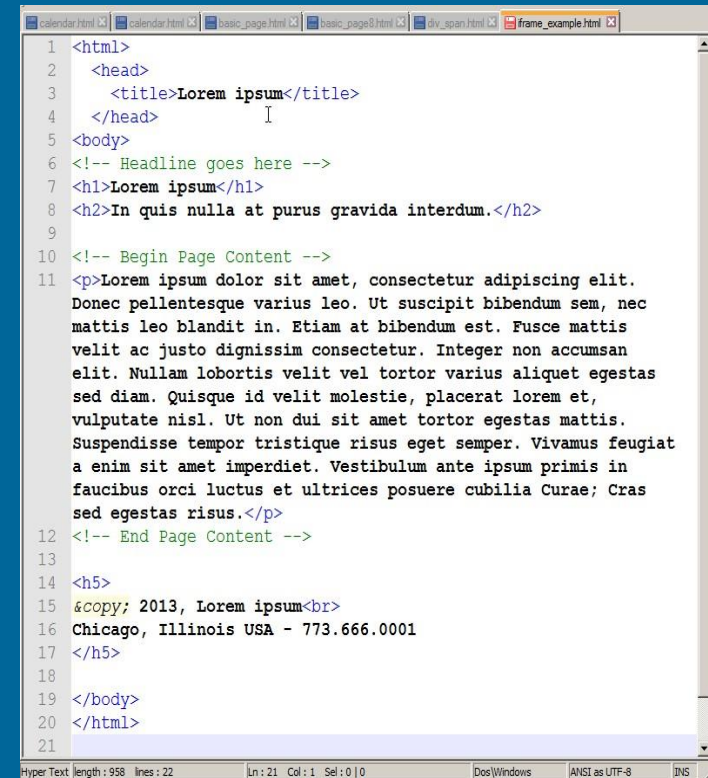
- `<!DOCTYPE>`



Duckett, p. 181

Other HTML tags

- Comments `<!-- -->`
 - Annotate your code
 - Indicate where sections begin and end
 - “Comment out” parts of your code for debugging



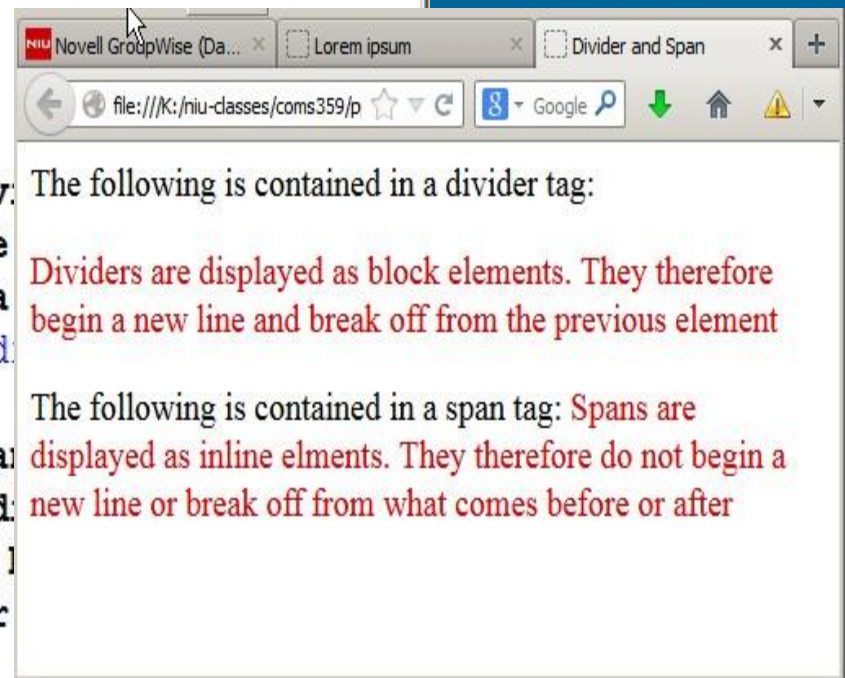
```
1 <html>
2   <head>
3     <title>Lorem ipsum</title>
4   </head>
5   <body>
6     <!-- Headline goes here -->
7     <h1>Lorem ipsum</h1>
8     <h2>In quis nulla at purus gravida interdum.</h2>
9
10    <!-- Begin Page Content -->
11    <p>Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit.
12    Donec pellentesque varius leo. Ut suscipit bibendum sem, nec
13    mattis leo blandit in. Etiam at bibendum est. Fusce mattis
14    velit ac justo dignissim consectetur. Integer non accumsan
15    elit. Nullam lobortis velit vel tortor varius aliquet egestas
16    sed diam. Quisque id velit molestie, placerat lorem et,
17    vulputate nisl. Ut non dui sit amet tortor egestas mattis.
18    Suspendisse tempor tristique risus eget semper. Vivamus feugiat
19    a enim sit amet imperdiet. Vestibulum ante ipsum primis in
20    faucibus orci luctus et ultrices posuere cubilia Curae; Cras
21    sed egestas risus.</p>
22    <!-- End Page Content -->
23
24    <h5>
25      <copy> 2013, Lorem ipsum<br>
26      Chicago, Illinois USA - 773.666.0001
27    </h5>
28  </body>
29 </html>
```

Other HTML tags

- Grouping HTML Elements
 - <div>
 - Group elements in a **block**
 - Display by starting a new line
 -
 - **Inline** equivalent of <div>
 - Display elements inline; not start a new line

```
calendar.html x calendar.html x basic_page.html x basic_page8.html x div_span.html x
1 <html>
2   <head>
3     <title>Divider and Span</title>
4   </head>
5   <body style="font-size:20px">
6
7   <p>The following is contained in a div.
8   <div style="color:dd0000">Dividers are
  block elements. They therefore begin a
  break off from the previous element</d
9
10  <p>The following is contained in a spa
11  <span style="color:dd0000">Spans are d
  inline elements. They therefore do not
  or break off from what comes before or
12
13
14  </body>
15  </html>
16
17
```

length : 534 lines : 17 Ln : 16 Col : 1 Sel : 0 | 0 Dos\Windows ANSI as UTF-8 INS










Other HTML tags


- `<iframe>`
 - Insert a window (containing another web page) in your web page, i.e. YouTube video
 - Attributes
 - `src`
 - `height & width`
 - `scrolling`
 - `frameborder`



```
<iframe src="http://www.niu.edu"  
width="400"  
height="380"  
frameborder="0">  
</iframe>
```




Google     

 **Chicago, IL**

 [Directions](#) [Search nearby](#) [Save to map](#) [more](#)

Paste link in **email** or **IM** 


☐ Short URL [Learn more](#)


<https://maps.google.com/maps?q=chicago&hl=en&>



Paste HTML to embed in website

`<iframe width="425" height="350" frameborder="0" :`

[Customize and preview embedded map](#)

 [Satellite](#)


 [Traffic](#)


YouTube  







0:02 / 3:46

Stephen Colbert On YouTube Comments

 **DeactivatedUser2** · 10 videos 95,566


 203 645 16


 [Like](#)  [About](#) [Share](#) [Add to](#)  


Share this video Embed Email


```
<iframe width="560" height="315" src="//www.youtube.com/embed/HEONRdNoVDk" frameborder="0" allowfullscreen>
</iframe>
```


Video size: 560 × 315


 **Chevrolet of Homewood**
by Homewood Chevy
22 views Ad


 **YouTube Mix - Stephen Colbert On YouTube**


 **Lindsey Stirling - 'Crystallize'**
- Live at the YouTube Music
by YouTube Spotlight
402,210 FEATURED


 **- Jon Stewart Destroys Fox News For Throwing Out The**
by smilingandtiredagain
278,524 views

 **Stephen Colbert schools James Franco on Tolkien**
by worldnews102013
107,387 views

 **Hilarious Stephen Colbert Interview**
by MusicalGamerEnsemble
42,877 views

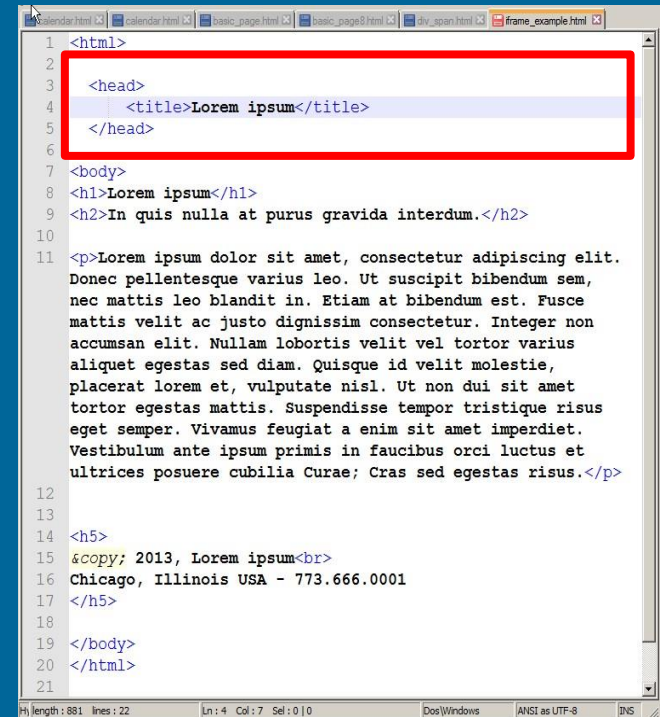
 **Hilarious Colbert Report Clip - Suq Madiq**
by DABEATONE
210,711 views

 **Comedian Stephen Colbert on Mormon Proxy Baptisms**
by politicalarticles
17,929 views

 **Colbert offers Donald Trump \$1million**
by nashpersad
94,361 views

<head>

- Up until now you have included a <head> in your documents but have concentrated your efforts on the development of content, which is placed in the <body>
- Today we want to give more explicit consideration to the <head>



```
1 <html>
2
3 <head>
4   <title>Lorem ipsum</title>
5 </head>
6
7 <body>
8 <h1>Lorem ipsum</h1>
9 <h2>In quis nulla at purus gravida interdum.</h2>
10
11 <p>Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit.
12 Donec pellentesque varius leo. Ut suscipit bibendum sem,
13 nec mattis leo blandit in. Etiam at bibendum est. Fusce
14 mattis velit ac justo dignissim consectetur. Integer non
15 accumsan elit. Nullam lobortis velit vel tortor varius
16 aliquet egestas sed diam. Quisque id velit molestie,
17 placerat lorem et, vulputate nisl. Ut non dui sit amet
18 tortor egestas mattis. Suspendisse tempor tristique risus
19 eget semper. Vivamus feugiat a enim sit amet imperdiet.
20 Vestibulum ante ipsum primis in faucibus orci luctus et
21 ultrices posuere cubilia Curae; Cras sed egestas risus.</p>
22
23 <h5>
24   &copy; 2013, Lorem ipsum<br>
25   Chicago, Illinois USA - 773.666.0001
26 </h5>
27
28 </body>
29 </html>
```

<title>

- Up until now, the only information you have placed in the <head> container has been the <title> & <link>
- The <title> is a container tag that contains a description of the page
- Although the title does not appear in the displayed information, it is important and has varied usage
 - Title appears in the window of the Browser
 - Title is used to identify pages in Bookmarks
 - Title is used by Search Engines to identify a page

BBC - Drama - Life On Mars - Mozilla Firefox

File Edit View Go Bookmarks Tools Help

http://www.bbc.co.uk/drama/lifeonmars/

bbc.co.uk

Home TV Radio Talk Where I Live

12 November 2006
[Accessibility help](#)
[Text only](#)

[BBC Homepage](#)
[Drama](#)

Homepage

[Episode Guide](#)
[Characters & Actors](#)
[Backstage](#)
[Music](#)
[Quizzes](#)
[Your Reviews](#)
[Photo Gallery](#)
[Screensaver](#)

[Contact Us](#)

Done



Life On Mars returns in 2007 - find out more

♦ Was Life On Mars based on a song by The Hang? What makes the Cortina really? **Graham answers your burning questions**

♦ [Read reviews of Series 1](#) »

```
view-source: - Source of: http://www.bbc.co.uk/drama/lifeonmars/ - Mozilla Firefox
File Edit View Tools Help

<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.01 Transitional//EN">

<html>
<head>
<title>BBC - Drama - Life On Mars</title>

<meta name="description" content="The official website for the BBC Drama Life
On Mars. Get the inside story on the show's production, find out who's who,
play the 1970s quizzes, and read the latest reviews and theories on the show's
storyline." />
<meta name="keywords" content="life in mars, john simm, philip glenister, sam
tyler, gene hunt, kudos, kudos productions," />
<meta name="created" content="20051216" />
<meta name="updated" content="20060220" />
```

"life on mars" - Google Search - Mozilla Firefox

File Edit View Go Bookmarks Tools Help

http://www.google.com/search?hl=en&lr=&q=%22life+on+mars%22&btnG=Search

gunkelweb@gmail.com | [My Account](#) | [Sign out](#)

Google Web Images Video News Maps more »
"life on mars" Search

Web Results 1 - 10 of about 2,170,000 for "life on mars". (0.18 seconds)

BBC - Drama - Life On Mars

The official website for the BBC Drama Life On Mars. Get the inside story on the show's production, find out who's who, play the 1970s quizzes, ...
www.bbc.co.uk/lifeonmars/ - 19k - Nov 10, 2006 - [Cached](#) - [Similar pages](#)

Life on Mars?

Life on Mars? A group of scientists led by David McKay of NASA's Johnson ... **Life on Mars** Press Briefing on 19 March 1997 - NASA Press Release (97-03-14) ...
www.spds.nasa.gov/planetary/marslife.html - 11k - [Cached](#) - [Similar pages](#)

Life on Mars

Malin Space Science Systems article recounts the history of speculation and investigation into the possibility of life on the red planet.
www.msss.com/http/ps/life/life.html - 13k - [Cached](#) - [Similar pages](#)

SPACE.com -- Exclusive: NASA Researchers Claim Evidence of Present ...

What Stoker and Lemke have found, according to several attendees of the private meeting, is not direct proof of **life on Mars**, but methane signatures and ...
www.space.com/scienceastronomy/mars_life_060216.html - 60k - [Cached](#) - [Similar pages](#)

Advanced Search Preferences

Sponsored Links

[Life Beyond Earth](#)
From Mars to the stars, the possibilities are limitless.
www.seti.org

Done

<title>

- Employ <title> tag carefully
 - Use a descriptive title that both names the page and provokes users
 - Employ a standard approach across all pages in your site - assist indexing and searches
 - i.e. COMS 359: Main Page
COMS 359: Course Calendar
 - Do not just repeat the title that appears in the <body> of your document; the <title> is used for different purposes

<meta>

- <meta> = empty tag within <head> container
- Varied Employment
 - Specify Meta-Information (info about info)
 - Content: Information about the content on the page; used by active agents and search engines for locating and accessing content
 - Formal: Information about the formal elements of the page (i.e. language, character set, author, etc.)
 - Special FX
 - Refresh
 - Redirect

<meta>

- Four attributes
 - http-equiv
 - name
 - content
 - url

http-equiv

- Form: <meta http-equiv="x" content="y">
- Possibilities for variable *X*
 - expires
 - content-type
 - content-language
 - PICS-label
 - refresh

http-equiv

- `<meta http-equiv="expires" content="0">`
 - Sets an expiration date and time
 - Indicate when a page should no longer be stored locally in the browser cache
 - `content="21 April 2013 00:00:00 GMT"`

http-equiv

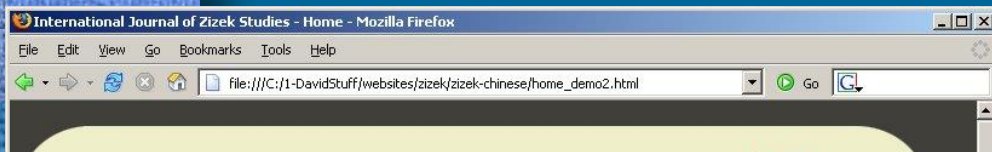
- `<meta http-equiv="pragma" content="no-cache">`
 - Prevents the browser from storing the page in local cache
 - Always load from the source; useful for dynamic content that updates often

http-equiv

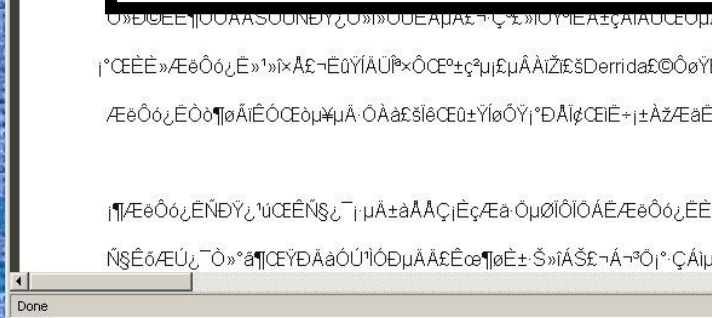
- `<meta http-equiv="content-type" content="iso-8859-1">`
- Directs the browser to load a specific character set
 - Important for international sites
 - Tell browser what character set to use for text
 - Get character set names from W3C

http-equiv

- `<meta http-equiv="content-language" content="en-GB">`
- Specifies the designated language of the page
 - en-GB = English, Great Britain
 - Names available in HTML guides and W3C



```
<meta http-equiv="content-type" content="text/html; charset=gb2312" />
```

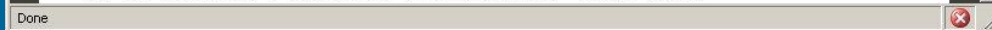


欢迎您访问《齐泽克研究国际学刊》

经过前期的文章收集,《齐泽克研究国际学刊》(IJZS)将于2007年1月正式创刊。这是一份由专家评议的免费电子学术期刊。正如其标题所示,本学刊致力于研究斯洛文尼亚哲学家和文化理论家斯拉沃热·齐泽克的著作。尽管媒体将齐泽克的形象漫画为“文化理论的‘猫王’”,“马克思的兄弟”,但他将自己荒诞不经的言论与大众文化和政治融为一体的风格还是引起了国际学术界极大的兴趣。

《齐泽克研究国际学刊》(IJZS)旨在为那些对齐泽克独特的批评思想有兴趣的读者们提供有价值的信息资源,希望避免一些无谓的争论和纯粹的赞美之词。期刊的编辑们来自众多学科,这足以表明齐泽克广阔的学术涉及。同时,学刊将致力于研究齐泽克的作品对其他领域产生的重大的启发性的影响。

一些人致力于研究一位在世的,非常活跃和擅辩理论家的著作感到迷惑,因为这样大量的学术研究通常是在他们去世后开始的。许多记者都希望能够将齐泽克作为大众消费品来包装。编辑托尼·布朗(Tony Brown)在和这些记者们的一次访谈中指出:



http-equiv

- `<meta http-equiv="PICS-label" content="adult">`
- Include rating system into web design
- Not used extensively; might be more useful in future applications
- Information accessed and used by filtering software (i.e. NetNanny & CyberSitter)

http-equiv

- `<meta http-equiv="refresh" content="1">`
- Specify when a page should be reloaded
- Usage
 - Cycling pages
 - Splash pages
 - Redirects


```
Notepad++ - C:\1-DavidStuff\niu-classes\coms359\ppt2012\metainfo\page1.html
File Edit Search View Format Language Settings Macro Run Plugins ?

page1.html
<html>
<head>
  <title>page one</title>

  <meta http-equiv="refresh" content="2;URL=page2.html">

</head>

<body>

  <h1 STYLE="font-size:320px; color:#dd1111">One</h1>

</body>
</html>
|
```

```
Notepad++ - C:\1-DavidStuff\niu-classes\coms359\ppt2012\metainfo\page2.html
File Edit Search View Format Language Settings Macro Run Plugins ?

page2.html
<html>
<head>
  <title>page two</title>

  <meta http-equiv="refresh" content="2;URL=page3.html">

</head>

<body>

  <h1 STYLE="font-size:320px; color:#dd1111">Two</h1>

</body>
</html>
|
```

```
Notepad++ - C:\1-DavidStuff\niu-classes\coms359\ppt2012\metainfo\page3.html
File Edit Search View Format Language Settings Macro Run Plugins ?

page3.html
<html>
<head>
  <title>page three</title>

  <meta http-equiv="refresh" content="2;URL=page1.html">

</head>

<body>

  <h1 STYLE="font-size:320px; color:#dd1111">Three</h1>

</body>
</html>
|
```

Exercise #4

<meta name>

- Insertion of Meta Information
- Possible values
 - description
 - keywords
 - author
 - copyright
 - generator
 - robots

<meta name>

- <meta name="description" content="...">
- Provide a description of your page
- Search Engines use this description in their hit list
 - Make sure it is descriptive of your site's content and that it entices users to visit the site
 - Make sure it fits the length available in most search engines (150 characters in Google)

<meta name>

- <meta name="keywords" content="llamas, old rags, cheese">
- Indicate index level keywords
 - Some search engines use these keywords to index your your site
 - Indicate important ideas, concepts, and terms
- Use a consistent and standard approach
 - i.e. Library of Congress Keywords

<meta name>

- <meta name="author" content="Fritz Lang">
- Provide name of author or site manager
- Important for institutional sites that change over time; know who designed the page

<meta name>

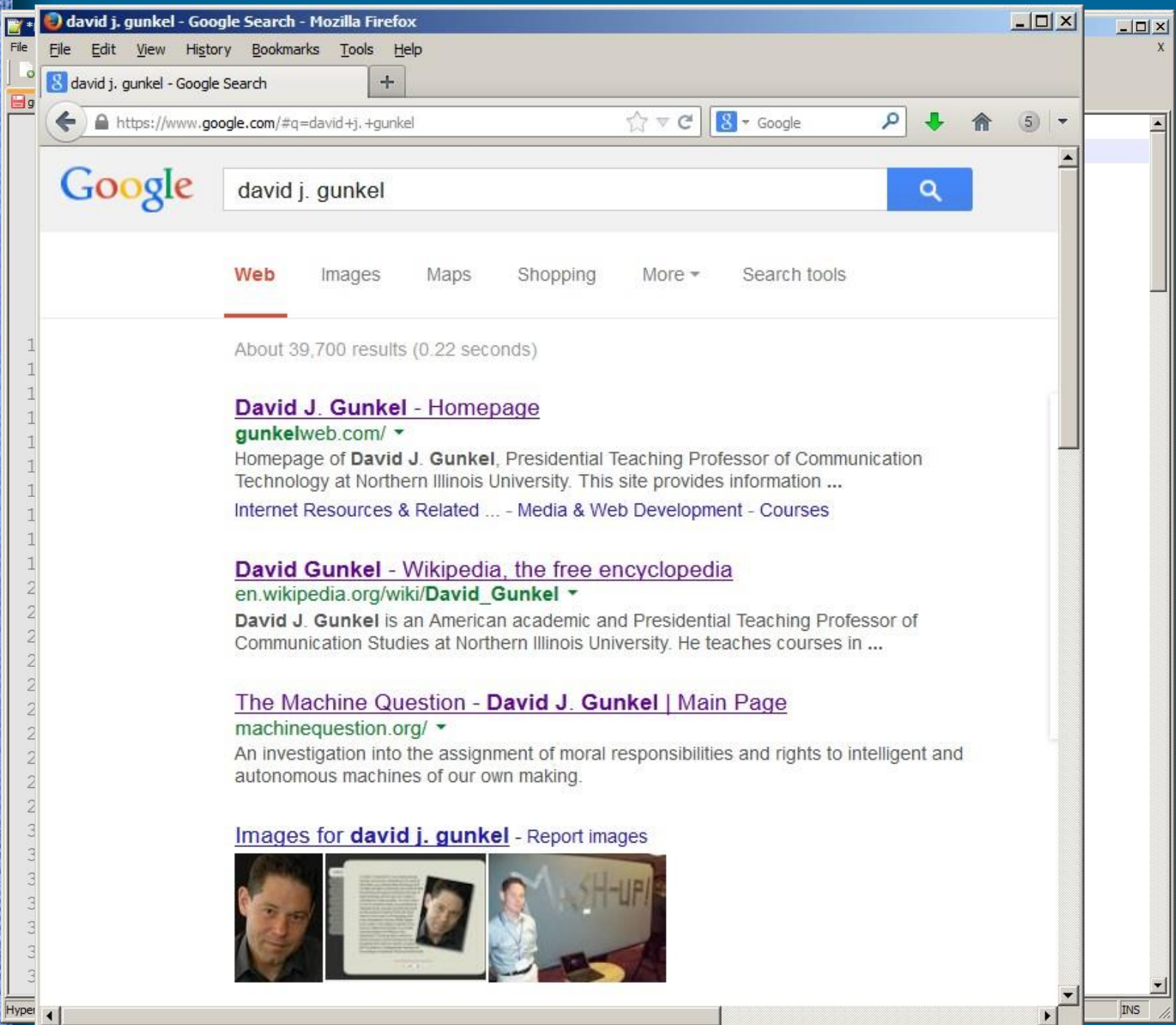
- <meta name="copyright" content="2013">
- Embed copyright information into the document
 - This copyright will not be seen by the users
 - So it is a good idea to also provide visible copyright information in the <body>

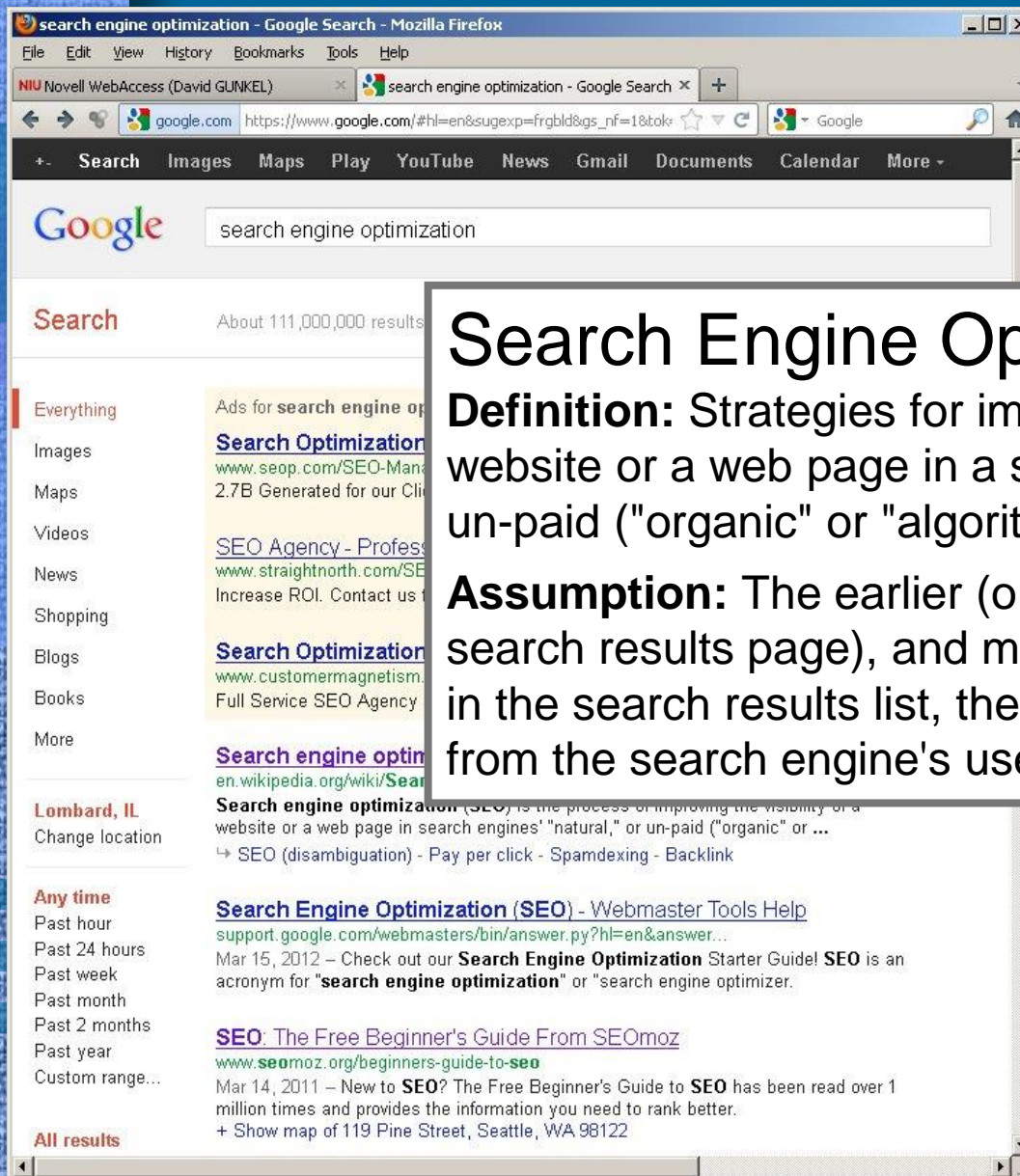
<meta name>

- <meta name="generator" content="Notepad++">
- Indicate how the content was created
 - Specify if a WYSIWYG was used; and which one was used; often automatically generated by the program
 - This information helps the WYSIWYG application identify the page when you edit it
 - Help web designers to know what generator was used to write the page

<meta name>

- <meta name="robots" content="...">
- Indicates whether search engines should add the page to their search result or not
- Possible Values
 - content="noindex" – page should not be indexed
 - Content="nofollow" – page should be indexed but not any of the pages that it links to



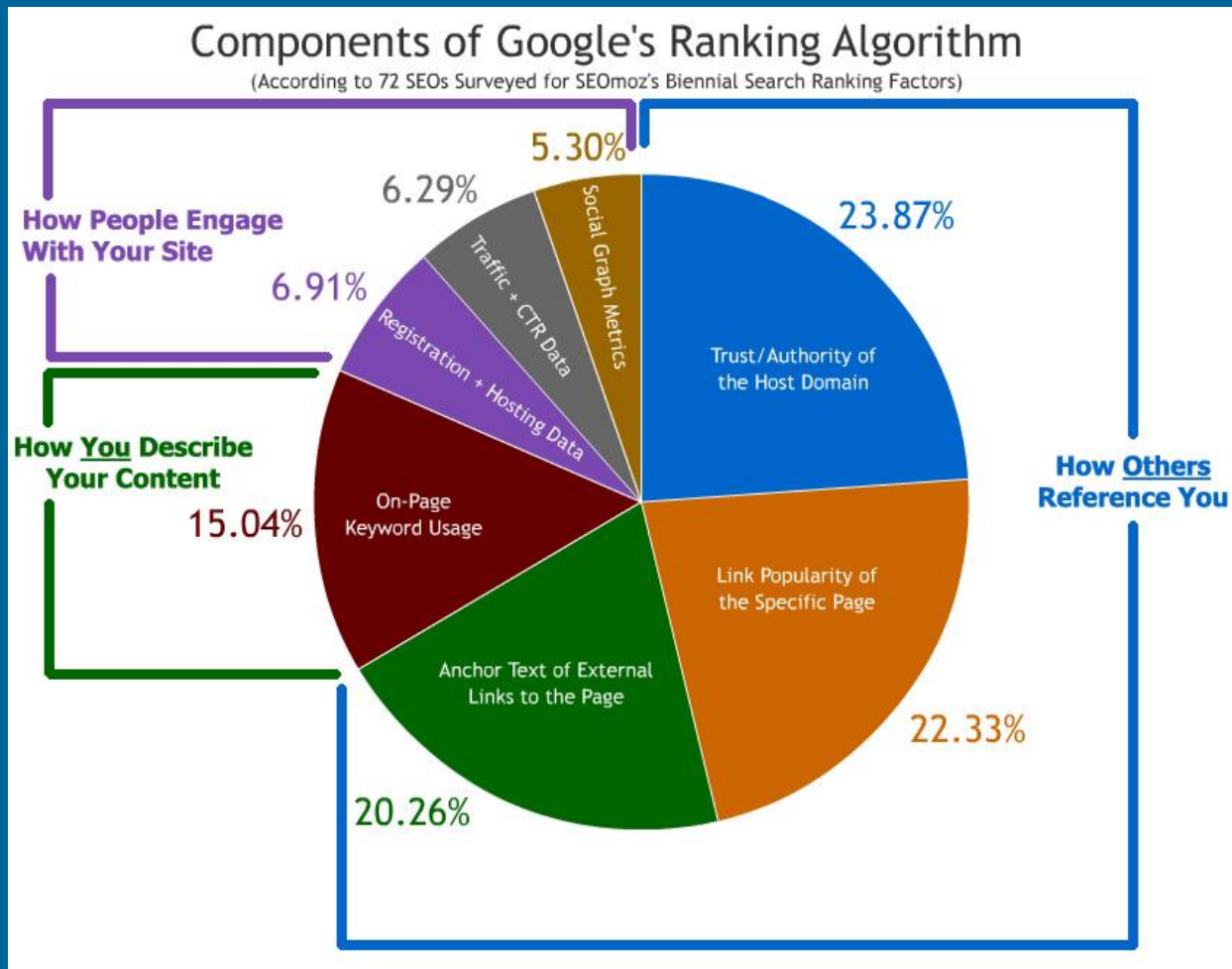


Search Engine Optimization (SEO)

Definition: Strategies for improving the visibility of a website or a web page in a search engine's "natural," or un-paid ("organic" or "algorithmic"), search results.

Assumption: The earlier (or higher ranked on the search results page), and more frequently a site appears in the search results list, the more visitors it will receive from the search engine's users.

SEO Strategies



SEO Strategies

<title>

- Indicates the content of a website for both the user and the search engine
- Appears as the title in the search list
- Use descriptive titles

```
<html>
<head>
<title>Brandon's Baseball Cards - Buy Cards, Baseball News, Card Prices</title>
<meta name="description" content="Brandon's Baseball Cards provides a
large selection of vintage and modern baseball cards for sale. We also offer
daily baseball news and events in">
</head>
<body>
```



SEO Strategies

<meta> description

- Provides search engines with a summary or overview of page content
- Often used to provide the page *snippet* that appears in the search list
- Use accurate and descriptive titles; avoid using the same description for all pages in the site

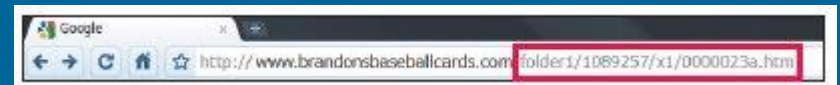
```
<html>
<head>
<title>Brandon's Baseball Cards - Buy Cards, Baseball News, Card Prices</title>
<meta name="description" content="Brandon's Baseball Cards provides a
large selection of vintage and modern baseball cards for sale. We also offer
daily baseball news and events in">
</head>
<body>
```



SEO Strategies

Simple URL & file names

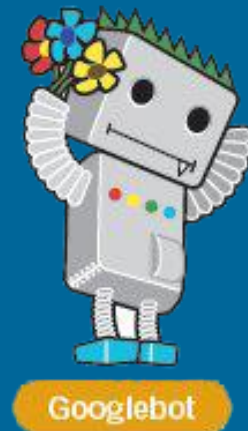
- Register your URL
- Use descriptive categories and file names for pages
- URLs are displayed on search results page



SEO Strategies

Page Content

- Two audiences
 - Human users
 - Search bot, i.e. GoogleBot
- Content development
 - Write clear and readable content for human beings
 - Ensure that the content is also searchable and “speaks” to the search bot



SEO Strategies

Page Content

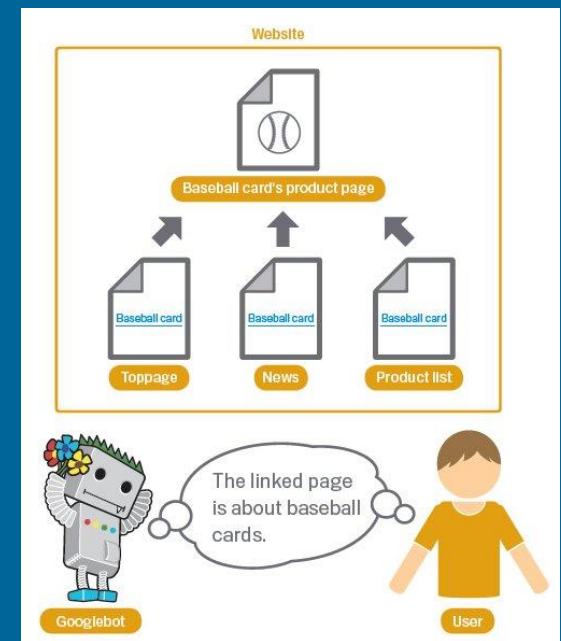
– Keywords

- `<meta>` keywords for the bot
- Use keywords in page content
- Use keywords for anchor text

– Links

- *Anchor text* describes the target for both the user and search engine
- Use descriptive anchor text; avoid generic “click here” or “next page”
- Either use text for navigation links; or if you use images include ALT attribute to describe the link target

```
<a href="http://www.brandonsbaseballcards.com/articles/ten-rarest-baseball-cards.htm">Top Ten Rarest Baseball Cards</a>
```



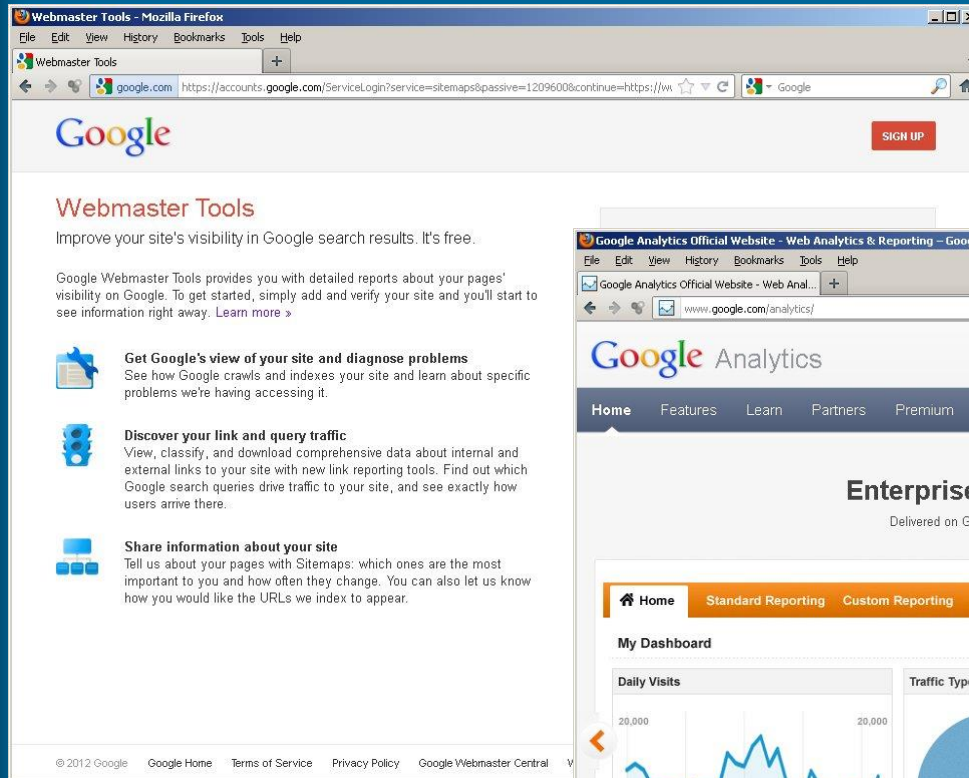
SEO Strategies

Popularity & Back Linking

- Assumption: sites with a lot of links to them are both popular and important
- Increase linking to your site and get others to link to your site
 - Leverage social media
 - Online and Offline referrals



SEO Tools



Webmaster Tools - Mozilla Firefox

File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help

Webmaster Tools




google.com https://accounts.google.com/ServiceLogin?service=sitemaps&passive=1209600&continue=https://www.google.com/webmaster/

Google [SIGN UP](#)

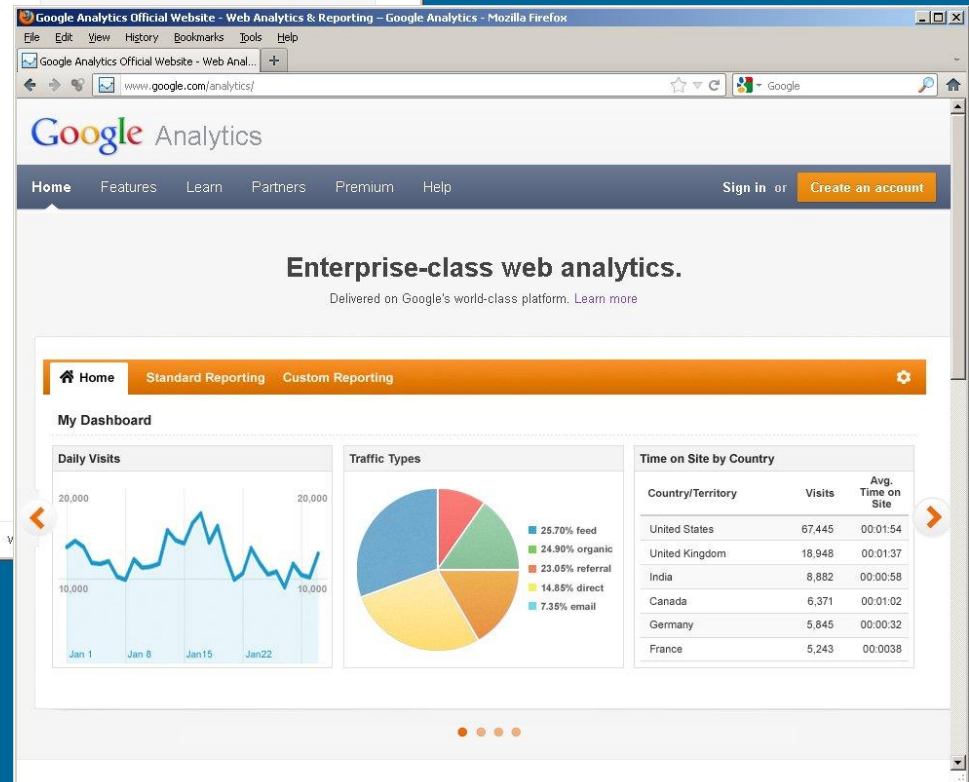
Webmaster Tools

Improve your site's visibility in Google search results. It's free.

Google Webmaster Tools provides you with detailed reports about your pages' visibility on Google. To get started, simply add and verify your site and you'll start to see information right away. [Learn more >](#)

-  **Get Google's view of your site and diagnose problems**
See how Google crawls and indexes your site and learn about specific problems we're having accessing it.
-  **Discover your link and query traffic**
View, classify, and download comprehensive data about internal and external links to your site with new link reporting tools. Find out which Google search queries drive traffic to your site, and see exactly how users arrive there.
-  **Share information about your site**
Tell us about your pages with Sitemaps: which ones are the most important to you and how often they change. You can also let us know how you would like the URLs we index to appear.

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Google Analytics Official Website - Web Analytics & Reporting - Google Analytics - Mozilla Firefox

File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help

Google Analytics Official Website - Web Anal...

www.google.com/analytics/

Google Analytics

Home Features Learn Partners Premium Help Sign in or [Create an account](#)

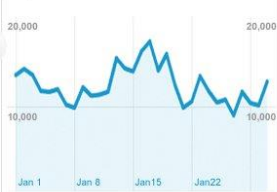
Enterprise-class web analytics.

Delivered on Google's world-class platform. [Learn more](#)

Home Standard Reporting Custom Reporting

My Dashboard

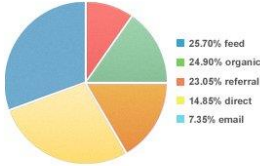
Daily Visits



20,000 10,000

Jan 1 Jan 8 Jan 15 Jan 22

Traffic Types



- 25.70% feed
- 24.90% organic
- 23.05% referral
- 14.85% direct
- 7.35% email

Time on Site by Country

Country/Territory	Visits	Avg. Time on Site
United States	67,445	00:01:54
United Kingdom	18,948	00:01:37
India	8,882	00:00:58
Canada	6,371	00:01:02
Germany	5,845	00:00:32
France	5,243	00:00:38

Final Note

- Project #3 must employ some kind of `<meta>` tag(s)
- Examples
 - Use `refresh` to make a splash page or cycling slide show
 - Use `keywords` and `descriptions` to assist searches and page indexing (SEO)
 - Use `author` and `copyright` indicators

Preview

- 3 December
 - Career Opportunities
 - Course Evaluation
- 5 December
 - Project #3 due

